

Practice exam 1 answers (w/o work):

1. The values are:

$$I_B = 5.45\text{mA},$$

$$I_{R1} = 5.45\text{mA},$$

$$I_{R2} = 3.27\text{mA},$$

$$I_{R3} = 2.18\text{mA},$$

$$V_B = 12\text{V},$$

$$V_{R1} = 5.45\text{V},$$

$$V_{R2} = V_{R3} = 6.55\text{V}.$$

2. 6.542V which is very close the result with an ideal meter.

3. $V_C = -1\mu\text{V} \sin\left(\frac{200\text{rad}}{s}t\right)$

4. $z = j\omega L = j 942\Omega$

5. Put your hand in your pocket.

6. The ground of the oscilloscope is linked to the ground of the power grid, they have the same electrical potential.

7. $V_{rms} = V_{amplitude}/\sqrt{2}$.

8. The instantaneous power $P(t) = I(t)V(t) = -500\text{nW} \cos\left(\frac{200\text{rad}}{s}t\right) \sin\left(\frac{200\text{rad}}{s}t\right)$ and the average power over one complete cycle is 0W exactly.