

Exam # 2 – Physics 151

October, 10, 2008

Be sure to include pictures, coordinate systems, etc. where reasonable.

- (10pts) Consider the following vectors: $\vec{A} = 2.0m\hat{i} - 2.5m\hat{j} + 1.8m\hat{k}$ and $\vec{B} = 1.0m\hat{i} + 1.0m\hat{j} - 4.0m\hat{k}$
 - Find $\vec{C} = \vec{A} + \vec{B}$ using components.
 - Find the magnitudes of \vec{A} and \vec{C} .
- (20pts) An Atwoods machine consists of two masses connected by a string over a pulley (see figure). Block A has a mass $M_A = 5.0kg$ and block B has a mass $M_B = 2kg$. Ignore friction and assume the pulley is massless.
 - Determine the acceleration of block B .
 - How fast is block A moving just before it hits the ground?
- (20pts) You are planning to build a log cabin in central Pennsylvania. You will pull the logs up a long, smooth hill to the building site by means of a rope attached to a winch. You need to buy a rope for this purpose, so you need to know how strong the rope must be. Stronger ropes cost more. You know that the logs weigh a maximum of $200kg$. You measure that the hill is at an angle of 30° with respect to the horizontal, and the coefficient of kinetic friction between a log and the hill is 0.90 . When pulling a log up the hill, you will make sure that the rope stays parallel to the surface of the hill and the acceleration of the log is never more than $0.80m/s^2$. How strong a rope should you buy?

(20pts) Pick *one of the following* two problems:

4. Melinda rides a bicycle around a flat (not banked) circular track that is 1km around. The combined mass of her and her bicycle is 80kg and the coefficient of static friction is 0.29 between her wheels and the track.
 - (a) She wishes to go 25m/s , is this safe?
 - (b) What is the smallest track she can safely go 25m/s on?
5. A block of mass M is pushed with a force \vec{F} against a wall with a force small enough that it slides down the wall. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the block and the wall is μ_k . What is the acceleration of the block? Your result should be in terms of g , M , and the size and/or the direction of \vec{F} .